



The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK.

5 O'CLOCK.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 27, 1894.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

WHO DID IT?

The Dead Body of a Well Dressed Man.

Pulled From the River at Lawrence.

HAD BEEN MURDERED.

A Big Hole in the Side of His Head,

But a Gold Watch and Money on His Person.

LAWRENCE, Kans., Jan. 27.—The body of a man supposed to be Frank Kramer, was found in the river here this morning. From papers on his person it was found he formerly lived at Edwards, Kan., and later was cashier of a bank at Lawrence, Kans.

He had lecture too, that indicated that he had recently been at Wakenda, Mo. He was evidently murdered and the body thrown into the river. A gold watch and over \$1,000 were found on his person.

The case is surrounded with a great deal of mystery and it is hard to account for the killing of a man and the evidence that does not struck him.

The body was found at the mouth of the ravine where the warm water from the sewer had prevented the river from freezing over. The body was found by a party of small boys who were skating. They took the body up and kept it from going under the ice. When the body was pulled out of the water it was found that a big hole had been made in the man's head.

Blood was found on the ground nearby and about half way between the river and the Santa Fe depot the man's valises and silk hat were found, both being covered with clots of blood. His clothes were of the best, and those who saw the body think he was murdered, if not for money for some other reason which it is impossible to fathom.

TO DIG A BIG LAKE.

Newspaper Enterprise at St. Louis Presses Work for the Unemployed.

St. Louis, Jan. 27.—An unique and successful method of supplying work for the unemployed, made by the same paper has shown 600 laborers in the city prepared to take such work as out door excavation would afford them.

Next Monday work will begin and it is probable that the remainder of the winter will be less severe upon the great army of St. Louis unemployed.

A HOT FIGHT PROBABLE.

The Income Tax Will Be Offered as an Amendment to the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The house committee on rules has agreed to an order allowing the income tax to be offered as an amendment to the tariff bill, giving Monday and Tuesday for general debate, Wednesday for debate and amendments under the five-minute rule with general debate in the evenings, the vote to come on the tariff bill and amendments on Thursday noon. It is expected that there will be a hot fight before the rule is adopted.

INGALLS OUT OF IT.

Says He Will Never Be a Candidate For Any Office.

AT THE STATE HOUSE.

Populists There Will Not Believe Stories That She Is Not Upright.

The members of the administration were not anxious to talk about the Mrs. Lease letter this morning, and most of the officials around the state house said they had not read the letter.

A member of the Populist state central committee, who has been understood to be fighting Mrs. Lease, said: "I don't believe there are any such affidavits, for I don't believe such affidavits could be made without perjury. Mrs. Lease is a very excitable woman, and is very passionate in her speeches, but I can't believe that she is not a vicious woman."

Another state official who is also a member of the state central committee, when asked about the letter said: "She is wrong in saying that \$500 was paid for affidavits, it is not necessary to pay money for affidavits, but I don't want to talk about this, for I am sure the people's party will continue to live even if we do lose a few individuals who may fall by the wayside."

A middle of the road Populist, who is holding a job in one of the state departments, said: "I don't believe there are any such affidavits. I wouldn't believe she is such a vicious woman even if I were shown political affidavits."

A Populist politician in Washington says to know all about the affidavits referred to, says the documents spoken of by Mrs. Lease, were advised by the correspondents of the Atlanta (Ga.) journal, who paid them to the Kansas functionaries for \$500.

MRS. LEASE'S VIRTUE.

Mrs. Lease says \$500 Has Been Paid For Affidavits to Ruin Her Character.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 27.—A Pleasanton, Kans., special dispatch says: The following letter from Mrs. Mary E. Lease created a great deal of comment and excitement in political circles this afternoon, when the Herald, one of the leading Populist paper of the state, made it public. It is believed that the war is now on in reality. Of the letter the Herald says editorially that if "the charge of Mrs. Lease be true, a few days is command, not out by the members of the People's party, but by every true law-abiding Kansan." The Herald has always been recognized as an administration organ, and its stand makes more trouble for Governor Lewelling and other officers. The letter is as follows:

The Letter.

WICHITA, Kans., Jan. 27.—From what I know of you I do not believe you would intentionally do me or any one an injustice. I therefore take the liberty to ask you if you have any reason for accusing me of having a consultation with Peck and Rossington other than the statements of the politicians who know that I know of their dishonesty and that I am opposed to fusion? I most emphatically brand their statements as false.

I went to St. Louis at the request of an invalid sister, where I left sick child wanted me. I talked to Mr. Peck in the dining room and spoke to him afterward in the parlor as I would speak to any Kansas acquaintances.

It this is a crime, why not brand the fact admitted by the governor, when he was compelled to admit it, just he had a midnight conference with George R. Peck and surrendered to the Santa Fe, the Dismalness house, which he had called out the militia to protect, and which had been organized by the candidates for the United States Senate and the chairman of the Democratic central committee and the crowd

stated by either and fusion votes that Peck wrote from three companies Rock Island, Missouri, Pacific and Missouri, Kansas & Texas. I gave the names of those in partnership with saloons and gambling houses, that are the most dishonest and corrupt gang that has ever existed Kansas.

They have fixed plans to free again, and Rufe Cone, a life-long whisky demagogue, is a member of the executive committee of the Dugdale party, and will issue addresses to the people of Kansas.

It is necessary to tell all my politically

they can succeed, and to doxy me, they say I am working for the Republican party. Just as Republicans used to claim I was working on Democratic pay when I opposed them. Not only that, but they paid \$500 to obtain affidavits that General J. B. Weyrer and C. L. Felt together at many leading hotels during the campaign. It looks more like demagogery than reform, doesn't it? The governor said to two state officers: "If Mrs. Lease makes any fight on me, I will spring these affidavits on her." Rest assured the fight will be made and right will win.

I am in this reform movement for principle; I believe in it. There is not enough money in Republicans or Democrats tanks to buy me or one speech from me. Combination railroad fixers must be turned down, and with clean, honest men nominated, we will win. I will go before the people of Kansas at the proper time and substantiate every assertion.

MARY E. LEASE.

At the State House.

Populists There Will Not Believe Stories That She Is Not Upright.

The members of the administration were not anxious to talk about the Mrs. Lease letter this morning, and most of the officials around the state house said they had not read the letter.

A member of the Populist state central committee, who has been understood to be fighting Mrs. Lease, said: "I don't believe there are any such affidavits, for I don't believe such affidavits could be made without perjury. Mrs. Lease is a very excitable woman, and is very passionate in her speeches, but I can't believe that she is not a vicious woman."

Another state official who is also a member of the state central committee, when asked about the letter said: "She is wrong in saying that \$500 was paid for affidavits, it is not necessary to pay money for affidavits, but I don't want to talk about this, for I am sure the people's party will continue to live even if we do lose a few individuals who may fall by the wayside."

A middle of the road Populist, who is holding a job in one of the state departments, said: "I don't believe there are any such affidavits. I wouldn't believe she is such a vicious woman even if I were shown political affidavits."

A Populist politician in Washington says to know all about the affidavits referred to, says the documents spoken of by Mrs. Lease, were advised by the correspondents of the Atlanta (Ga.) journal, who paid them to the Kansas functionaries for \$500.

NAT GOODWIN SICK.

He Is Suffering from an Abscess in the Brain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, \$6,288,550; loans, decrease, \$214,400; specie, increase, \$3,295,700; legal tenders, increase, \$4,100,000; deposits, increase, \$3,388,200; circulation, decrease, \$67,000.

The banks now hold \$109,042,950 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

RESERVE \$109,000,000.

Six Millions More Accruement in Banks During Last Week.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, \$6,288,550; loans, decrease, \$214,400; specie, increase, \$3,295,700; legal tenders, increase, \$4,100,000; deposits, increase, \$3,388,200; circulation, decrease, \$67,000.

The banks now hold \$109,042,950 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

THE PENSION ROLL.

It Will Be Reduced to \$151,000,000 This Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The pensions and District of Columbia appropriation bills were favorably reported to the house today. Pensions for \$185, \$151,581,576. The previous pension appropriation was \$163,000,000.

RECEIVER W. N. LEAVES

To Attend the Meeting of the Receivers at St. Louis.

The Santa Fe receivers and many prominent officials of the road will meet in St. Louis on Tuesday, and it is not impossible that the receivers may be here before they return east.

Receiver Wilson and A. A. Burd leave tomorrow for St. Louis.

It is understood that at this meeting the general policy of the management of the road will be decided upon, and if any of the branch lines are cut off, it will be at this meeting, but the officials of the road here anticipate no such action on the part of the receivers.

5 O'CLOCK.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 27, 1894.

MR. CHILDS SINKING.

The Philadelphia Editor Can Scarcely Live.

He Has Not Recovered From Last Night's Relapse.

HIS CASE CRITICAL.

Two Doctors In Attendance on Him.

No More Hopeful Reports are Given Out.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The condition of Mr. Childs this morning was practically unchanged. The hopeful reports which have been issued by the attending physician having given away to those of a more serious nature.

While the patient rested fairly well during the latter part of the night, he has not recovered from the serious turn which was manifest about midnight. Two physicians are in constant attendance at his bedside.

Mr. Childs' condition at noon was reported as being very critical.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the physicians attending Mr. Childs reported a very slight change in his condition. He is resting easy.

FIRE NEARLY TOOK IT.

The House of Rev. J. B. Thomas Much Damaged by Fire.

Fire came near destroying the attractive home of Rev. J. B. Thomas, pastor of the First Baptist church, at 1256 Van Buren street, at noon today.

The house is a large two-story frame structure, owned by A. W. Adams. It started from a fire opening, which was not sealed with a metal cap, but had been papered over. Mr. Thomas was not aware of the condition of the opening. This particular fire hole was in the servant's room at the rear of the second story, over the kitchen. There was a hot fire in the kitchen range, and the paper over the opening caught fire and spread over the room.

The fire had made its way up to the rear of the house to the roof, when a neighbor saw it and sent in the fire alarm. When the firemen arrived the flames were not only piercing through the roof but had spread under the roof and were breaking out over every part of it.

It required unlimited use of water to check the fire, but it was checked in excellent shape considering the start it had. With the exception of the kitchen and servants room the damage by fire was confined to the roof. The water damage will be as light as could have been under the circumstances. Much of the household furniture and bric-a-brac was saved by being carried into the yard. Mr. Thomas' fine library was not damaged very heavily and the "barrel of sermons" was undamaged.

This is but one of the thrilling experiences the artist has gone through, and to his conscientious study, no matter how disagreeable and perilous the field of labor, is due his great success as a painter of army, Indian and ranch life. He was born in Canton, N. Y., about 34 years ago, studied art and played football at Yale and began the life of a "cow puncher" in Montana. For half a dozen years he lived in the saddle and as ranchman and army scout faithfully studied the artistic possibilities of cowboys, Indians and Indian fighters. He made money out of a mule ranch, lost it all in some other venture and then went to New York without a cent, but with a portfolio full of original sketches of frontier life. This is the most famous illustrator of wild western scenes. He has been through two Indian wars and is not anxious to see part two third. He sums up the joys of frontier army life by saying that they consist of "riding all day and poleing fire all night." He is married and has a pretty home full of western curios in New Rochelle, N. Y.

SOUNDS OF WAR.

It Raged Between General Artz and Captain Shapter.

Col. H. H. Artz, adjutant general of the Kansas National Guard, and Captain Frank Shapter of the now defunct Oakland Military company, had a war of words this morning in the offices of the adjutant general at the state house, that narrowly escaped being a battle of blood (from the nose); as it is there is unquestionably some "bad blood" between the two warriors.

Captain Shapter, whose company was mustered out of the service of the state last fall, went to the adjutant general's office this morning to turn over some state property consisting of a few pairs of trousers, blouses, caps and helmets. After his business was transacted and he had obtained a receipt for the property turned in, Adjutant General Artz asked him why he did not pay the armory rent, which D. W. Thirkham and W. Turtin of Oakland have not received for the rent of the armory where the Oakland company made its headquarters.

Captain Shapter replied that he did not owe any rent; that it was the state which owned the rent. In the conversation which ensued Captain Shapter told Col. Artz that he had not been paid rent since the colonel fought with him and his angry passions rose and although he did not have his armor on he charged fiercely at the depressed captain and opening the door leading into the hall ordered his visitor to "Get out of here right away. I don't want any truck with you."

Captain Shapter rested his hands on his hips and declared "I won't get out of here until I get ready, and you can't put me out."

Captain Shapter warmed up. He said: "The state owes that rent, but it won't pay it so long as you are in this office, but you won't stay long. You had to leave Colorado, and you will soon have to leave here, so you might as well get ready to go." Artz said that he could go back to Colorado whenever he got ready, and Shapter said, "I am like Joe Waters, I would like to have it written on my tombstone, 'He never knew Artz.'"

After the war was over a STATE Journal reporter who had been looking on learned that the state has refused to pay any armory rent for the last five months. The Oakland company occupied their hall, Gen. Artz says the state is not responsible for the rent after the first notice was given to muster out the company.

IN CONGRESS.

The Lumber Schedule of the Tariff Bill Is Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The house after some deliberation resolved itself into committee of the whole, and the consideration of the tariff bill was resumed. The proposed amendments being discussed, the pending amendments being voted on by the committee.

Mr. Doohittle, (Rep., Wash.), made a strong plea for the substitution of the lumber schedule of the recent law for that of the Wilson bill. Free lumber, he said, would force the laborers of his state into competition with the cheap Chinese and Japanese labor employed across the Canadian line.

Mr. Hayes (Dem., Iowa), who said he represented one of the largest lumber districts in the country and which contained the largest saw mill, in the world, maintained that there was no fear of Canadian competition among the lumber men. He had investigated the whole question, and it was simply a question of stamping.

Mr. Oates (Dem., La.) explained his amendment to the Boulton amendment which restored the McKinley law schedule.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Nat. C. Goodwin, who for the past week has been playing "In Mizraim" at Hollie Auditorium, was unable to appear last evening and the house was closed. For some time he has been suffering from an abscess of the brain, and an operation has been successfully performed to relieve him.

Mr. Goodwin will probably be able to resume his part next Monday.

NEW ENGLAND FROZEN UP.

Ten Inches of Snow Has Already Fallen in the Grain.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—The biggest storm of the year struck New England last night about 12 o'clock. This morning ten inches of snow had fallen and the wind was blowing a regular blizzard. As yet there are no signs of abatement.

The storm seems to extend all over New England. The Central Vermont train from the north, the Portland trains from the west, the Atlantic Express from Albany and the通过 trains from all points south are badly delayed.

Elmer D. Frank, clerk of the U. S. circuit court at Omaha, will be in the city next week, the guest of Special Examiner Heiskell.

ARTIST OF THE WILD WEST.

Frederic Remington, Cowboy, Army Scout and World Famous Painter.

One day during the Indian war near Pine Ridge Agency in 1891 a gigantic, ruddy-faced white man, apparently unarmed and accompanied by three friendless Cheyenne scouts, was surrounded by a party of young Sioux bucks armed to the teeth and in full war-paint. The white man and his companions disclaimed all hostile intent, and the Sioux braves apparently were of the same mind.

While the Sioux were looking for plunder in the white man's wagon, one of his Cheyenne companions suddenly unloosed him. He turned like a flash in time to see a treacherous Sioux buck creeping up behind him, with murder in his eyes. Not at all daunted, the white man threw up a protecting hand and advanced toward the Sioux, shouting, "How, Colton," meaning that he meant peace. His brave front undoubtedly saved the lives of the party, for the Sioux ordered them to turn back. They did so,